

The Indispensable Weekly
The Voice of the Awakened Negro

The Negro World

A Newspaper Devoted Solely to the Interests of the Negro Race

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The Best Advertising Medium

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SEVEN CENTS ELSEWHERE IN THE WORLD
TEN CENTS IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES

PREPAREDNESS ON THE PART OF THE NEGRO

FELLOW MEN OF THE NEGRO RACE, Greeting:

I have often written to you on the subject of "Preparedness," but I feel that now, more than ever, we should consider this subject as all-important, because, as we look around, we find that all the other races and nations of the world are preparing themselves against the changes of the future, and it is to our interest to so prepare ourselves.

A Century of Exploitation

The Universal Negro Improvement Association desires that the four hundred million Negroes in the world prepare themselves through organized determination to resist the designs of others that seek to make us slaves, to reduce us to an inferior standing among the other races and nations of the world. That there is a world movement to further subjugate and exploit the weaker peoples of the world is not doubted. It can be seen, not only beneath but above the surface of all that is said and done by other peoples. As a race scattered and despised and exploited for hundreds of years, we cannot afford to hold ourselves at the mercy of those who might be disposed to treat us with sympathy, but it is for us, through our own initiative, to so environ ourselves as to assure that protection that is necessary to prevent us from being overriden by the stronger forces of the world.

Preparation for the Future

To observe the activities of other peoples reveal to us their high state of preparation for meeting any contingency that may arise. If you were to look at the great Anglo-Saxon race you will find them in every department of human effort making every preparation to safeguard their racial rights and interests. As of them, so of the other races of Europe and Asia. We, as four hundred millions of people, should do no less than prepare ourselves through organization to ward off the dangers not only of the present, but of the future. We seek by unity of effort and of action to bring about a universal standardization of the race. We desire to place ourselves upon a level equal to that of other races and nations. This we will have to do by preparing the minds of our people everywhere for concerted action. We must forget our national, insular and parochial selfishness that has kept us apart for so many centuries. We must, if we are to go forward, broaden our outlook and widen our fellowship with the men and women of our race everywhere, because at no one section or point are we strong enough to independently carve out a destiny of our own. We have tried this in the past, and we have failed; hence, by the experience of the past we now guide ourselves with the intention of not only nationalizing our intentions and our outlook, but to broaden it to take in Negroes everywhere, and to have them all look toward the one objective of an emancipated race and a redeemed Fatherland.

We must start out to prepare ourselves—mentally, spiritually, physically, and in every way—to meet the growing demand that will be made upon us as a people, marching toward an independence of our own.

Now Is the Time!

The other peoples who have climbed the ladder of success did so by preparing themselves in the one age for the conditions that had to be met in the other, so that we of the Universal Negro Improvement Association are advising that the four hundred millions of us prepare ourselves in this age to meet the changes that will come as we move along, and with which we will have to cope through superior fitness. There are some of us who believe that the program we have to put over can be accomplished in a day. It cannot, it has never been done before, and, naturally, cannot be done now.

To prepare ourselves and abide our time—all other races and nations are doing this. We must do this, too, if we are to survive.

World Movement to Further Subjugate and Exploit Weaker Peoples—Negroes of Today Should Lay Solid Foundation Upon Which Future Generations Can Build—After Days Ahead if We Support Universal Negro Improvement Association

We are now engaged in a long and arduous period of our work. Now is the time to bring all the people together, to give them a program, and to have them adopt and start putting into execution the details as outlined. The objective of a mighty nation is before us, yet the complete realization of it will take much time, but we must naturally start by laying a foundation, and that is what the Universal Negro Improvement Association is doing now.

We, therefore, ask Negroes everywhere to co-operate with us in laying this solid foundation upon which generations that will follow will build until we have realized in every detail the perfect state of our imperial vision.

Take History as Your Guide!

Those of us who lead this mighty world movement of the Universal Negro Improvement Association are cognizant of the fact that the work that we have chosen will consume much time. We naturally, therefore, expect some to become discouraged by not seeing the immediate realization of everything planned, but how many of those who have started reform movements ever lived to see the full and complete realization of their dreams? That you can answer for yourself by taking history as your guide, so naturally you will not expect that all of us will live to see the day when Africa will be completely redeemed, when the entire race will be completely emancipated, but each and every one of us in a lifetime can contribute so much to the bringing about of a successful conclusion of the plans undertaken. If each and every Negro in his and her part of the world will buckle down in all seriousness to do something for the cause of African freedom we can well assure ourselves that the day would not be far distant when great changes would take place, that would in a way place the entire race in a better condition than it is at present.

A Flaming Optimism!

We are hoping for better days and the achievement of greater things. We are not pessimists; we are optimists in every sense of the word. We feel that by our own effort as four hundred millions of people we can so fashion and create things as to satisfy our own needs. Such has been the action of all other great peoples and nations of the world. They have always shaped and fashioned their own destiny, they have always created their own conditions and environments. As, for instance, the position that Great Britain now occupies was fashioned and created by the desires of Englishmen and Britishers to be what they are. They determined among themselves that they would never be slaves; they would build an empire upon which the sun would never set, and today you see that they enjoy and live in such environments. The early Colonists who settled themselves in North America determined to build up for themselves a free and independent country where they would worship religiously and politically in their own way. Today we have the great American Republic, the outcome of their determination to do for themselves. In like manner must the four hundred million Negroes of the world make up and determine in their minds that they will do for themselves in bringing about conditions suitable to their own happiness. The trouble with us now is that our leaders are in the main visionless. It is said somewhere that "where there is no vision the people perish." We have been perishing for hundreds of years because of the lack of vision on the part of those who lead. A proper survey of conditions among Negroes throughout the world will reveal the fact that we are handicapped by having in our midst hundreds of different leaders scattered here, there and everywhere who have subordinated the rights of the people to their own selfish interests. The one kind you will find at this end having under his control fifteen hundred persons, two thousand persons, or three thousand as members of his church, or his sect, or of the political party, and each leader will endeavor to put his own vision into effect in a different direction to the other leaders, and thus the race is divided.

different ways, rather than working in universal harmony. We will never be able to get anywhere as a people until we destroy that selfish kind of leadership that will keep us divided into a dozen different groups. The trouble with the race at this time is not so much the mass of the people, as that the masses are inclined to follow anywhere and everywhere, but the trouble is with the leaders. Can we not originate a program by which we can bring all these different leaders into one harmonious body and get them working toward the same end?

The Third International Convention

We desire to prepare the minds of our people everywhere, leaders and followers, to realize that only through unity of effort can we achieve anything worth while that will tend to better our condition economically and politically.

We are hoping that the various race leaders of the world in religious, politics and otherwise, will now concentrate upon the consolidation of Negro sentiment by attending the Third International Convention of the Negro peoples of the world to be held in New York from the 1st to 31st of August of the present year.

The Universal Negro Improvement Association hopes that every Negro preacher, politician and leader will make it possible for all of us to meet in New York in the month of August at this convention to discuss among ourselves the ways and means by which we can give out to the world one common program, and unitedly, as four hundred millions of people, fall behind it and make it go for the good of all.

The Universal Negro Improvement Association extends an earnest invitation to all unselfish leaders to fall in line with us and help put over this program that we have undertaken.

The time has come for the race to determine whether it should be governed. The time has really passed for strong men to allow themselves to be dictated to and governed by others, without their having a voice in their own affairs. We can no longer as a people tolerate a position of inferiority among the other races of the world; hence, we must lay out a program and a policy of our own, and it is our hope that such a program and policy will be outlined at the Third International Convention of the Negro peoples of the world. Therefore it is necessary for each and every representative member of the race to give his and her support to the Universal Negro Improvement Association in making the convention a great success. Plans are being laid by which we hope to lay our claims before the nations of the world, and to have these claims adjusted. It is no use in our continuing to divide among ourselves and agitate questions by thousands or by the hundreds. Now is the time that we must settle the questions that affect us as four hundred millions of people all together. Among the vital things that affect us now are national freedom, industrial freedom and political equality everywhere. If we are to win our demands for an adjustment of these questions we must do so as a body united on the common cause. Why should we differ? Why should we fight each other if our hopes and desires are the same? So now the Universal Negro Improvement Association appeals to Negro leaders and individuals everywhere to let us get together and put over the program of an emancipated race and a redeemed country.

What Are You Going to Do About It?

This Association needs support morally and financially; therefore, it calls upon every one of its eight hundred divisions to do the best it can, seeing that each and every member pays his dues, and contributes to the movement, so that our treasury can be strengthened, and the demands that are now being made for the carrying out of the program can be met. We ask that every division get in their regular monthly reports, and we ask that every Negro not yet a member of the Universal Negro Improvement Association send a contribution, whether a dollar or a cent, to help carry on the work.

You can do your bit whatever your position may be. Write to the Universal Negro Improvement Association, 100 West 12th Street, New York City, U. S. A.

With very best wishes, and a firm belief in the success of the movement, we remain, your friends, the Universal Negro Improvement Association.

GANDHI SENTENCED TO SIX YEARS—NEW OUTBREAK THREATENED

Indian Non-Co-operationist Leader Convicted on Sedition Charge—"Work Hard and Tire Not," Savant's Last Words to Followers Before Taken Away

AHMEDABAD, British India, March 18.—Mohandas K. Gandhi, the Indian non-co-operationist leader who was arrested on charges of sedition, was sentenced today to six years' imprisonment without parole.

Gandhi's colleagues, Shantaram, Bombay banker, merchant and National leader, was sentenced today to ordinary imprisonment for one year and fined 1,000 rupees.

That the arrest of Gandhi and the restraint placed upon the country have considerably advanced the cause of non-co-operation, is the opinion of many of his followers. They believe that the arrest of Gandhi, which includes individual self-sacrifice, is the opinion of the Congress Committee, as expressed in a resolution carried today. A heated discussion lasting for six hours, preceded its adoption.

The committee calls on all the Congress organizations to devote their entire efforts to carrying out the constructive program agreed upon at Bardoli, and says that it considers non-co-operation of the spinning wheel and the use of hand spun materials essential to attainment of the country's goal.

Gandhi published his scheme for non-co-operation in September, 1920. In his program were included the resignation of their posts by government magistrates, the withdrawal of pupils from government schools, the closing of colleges, the boycott of law courts, and the abstention from lawyers in co-operation with the British Government in India.

He was arrested at Ahmedabad by Police Superintendent Halsey, who previously had taken into custody a leading Nationalist member Shantaram, and the arrest of Gandhi, which includes individual self-sacrifice, is the opinion of the Congress Committee, as expressed in a resolution carried today. A heated discussion lasting for six hours, preceded its adoption.

"Work hard, and tire not," was Gandhi's last words to his followers before he was taken away.

He was taken away by a motor car, and the arrest of Gandhi, which includes individual self-sacrifice, is the opinion of the Congress Committee, as expressed in a resolution carried today. A heated discussion lasting for six hours, preceded its adoption.

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A MEETING OF THE GARY (INDIANA) DIVISION OF THE UNIVERSAL NEGRO IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION IN ITS LIBERTY HALL

GANDHI, ON WAY TO PRISON, ASSUMES ALL BLAME FOR RIOTING

Articles in Young India, While Preaching Non-Violence, "Necessarily Teach Disaffection and Openly Seek to Instigate Others to Overthrow It," Court Holds

AHMEDABAD, British India, March 18.—Asked by the Magistrate on Saturday, prior to being sentenced to six years' imprisonment, whether he pleaded guilty to all the charges made against him, Mohandas K. Gandhi, the non-co-operationist leader, replied in the affirmative.

The Advocate General pointed out that the articles of Gandhi printed in the campaign to spin khadi were, in effect, a systematic and deliberate attempt to overthrow the government. He contended that the writings of Gandhi were not those of an uneducated or obscure man.

It was true that the articles insisted on non-violence, but he asked what was the value of this if you incited to such a degree of disaffection against the government and openly seek to instigate others to overthrow it?

Gandhi made a long statement in which he admitted that teaching disaffection against the existing system of government was the aim of his campaign. He declared he took all the blame for the disorders in India, but he added that if he were liberated he would keep up his fight against the British.

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EXTREMISTS DEMAND REVOLUTION IN EAST INDIA

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BERT WILLIAMS LEFT \$20,000 PERSONAL PROPERTY

The will of Bert Williams, Negro comedian, was filed Friday, March 17, in the Surrogate's Court. It bore only his mark in place of his signature. The explanation was that he had not had the strength to write his name.

No estimate is given of the size of the estate, other than that it is more than \$20,000 in personal property. Williams left no real estate, but it was learned that he bequeathed his home to his wife some time before his death. Mrs. Williams will inherit all of the net estate.

Lines to an African Youth

My African youth forget
Thy ways must be of thy own skin;
I see the man within—
Thine eyes are not like summer skies,
Like deep and dark they glow,
Like Egypt's stars that light the Nile
Where lotus blossoms blow.
Descendant thou of Africa,
Why should I scorn your race,
Because my sire was steeped in pride
And fairer is my face?
Thy voice is like a silver bell—
I hear the music of thy soul.
It takes my mind to Africa,
That land, grand and sublime,
Its tones so musical that rise
Into a strain of power
Is gift of sire who tread that soil
Where Gods of old are down,
Clay hands and feet are left
To tell the story of their deed.
The rivalry of arms:
And let us build an altar new
With affection's fire;
Match Aryan beauty with thy power,
And with help of God's grace,
Zion to the world we will bring,
That all shall know thy name.
Than that which worships race,
I have a dream of future days—
Perchance not very far—
When color's god shall be dethroned
For virtue's brightest star.
No do not coldly gaze on me—
God stripped my heart of pride;
And to the race, so deep despised,
Mine arms are opened wide.
In future days are mine to see:
"Our sires have come to rest;
I live for my people's good,
And maddest ruled their breast."
So Africa youth forget!
Come to my mother's child despised
Hope whispers not to fret!

NO DISORDERS IN INDIA AFTER GANDHI'S SENTENCE

LONDON, March 19.—The news of Gandhi's sentence, says a dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Bombay, was received throughout India quietly and in many districts a sense of relief was expressed.

Whereas the colored voters constitute a large voting strength in the Fifth and Seventh Assembly Districts, and more particularly in the Thirtieth, Nineteenth and Twenty-first Assembly Districts, where this vote lies in certain parts of the county, the colored voters are not expected to be a factor in the election.

Whereas there are only twenty-three assembly districts in the county of New York, but for harmony, proper representation and an opportunity for various race groups to name their own leaders, certain assembly districts have already been divided (about ten in number) and an executive committee has been elected by the colored voters, which has provided for the election of a delegate to the county convention.

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"FAVORITISM" AND "BOSSISM" IN REPUBLICAN PARTY MUST GO, RESOLVES UNITED CIVIC LEAGUE

Admitting Gradual Decline of Party Influence in Harlem, Negro Politicians Memorialize County Committee—Pertinent Recommendations Made

To the Republican Leader of the County of New York, Greeting: Whereas the recent election positively and clearly indicates that a reorganization of the Republican forces in the county of New York is necessary for the success and future achievements of the Republican party in the county of New York, and

Whereas the rules and regulations of the Republican party in the county of New York permit district leaders to appoint captains and lieutenants in a personal way, and "favoritism" have played a great role in the election, and to such an extent has this system been practiced unjustly it has very often resulted in the election of men who are not worthy of the office, and

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CONCERT IN AID OF MANASSAS SCHOOL

A concert of Negro music consisting of spirituals, chants sung by a choir and piano accompaniment of the modern Negro will be given for the benefit of the Manassas (Va.) Industrial School for Colored Youth, at Carnegie Hall on April 2.

The committee in charge of the program includes Mrs. Henry C. Leach, George Gordon Battle, J. R. Spingarn, Carl Heininger, Charles H. Steiner and Oswald Garrison Villard.

Any particular group would be fought out within that group and not to the detriment of the party, which has so often been the case in the past; leaders of groups that would be of the county committee and women in the respective party selection, and such leaders, such ends and sections, and that such executives shall become the trustees of the party, and to such an extent as to such an extent has this system been practiced unjustly it has very often resulted in the election of men who are not worthy of the office, and

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NEGROES IN THE UNITED STATES ARE REQUESTED TO SUPPORT MOVE FOR ESTABLISHING OWN GOVERNMENT IN AFRICA

Negroes Should Organize Everywhere to Support Plan—Work of Universal Negro Improvement Association Bearing Fruit

The Universal Negro Improvement Association calls upon all race-conscious Negroes in the United States to give their support to the resolution of Senator T. B. McCallum of Mississippi in his effort to have the President of the United States and Congress acquire sufficient territory in Africa for the establishment of a national home for Negroes, where they will be able to set up and control a government of their own. The effort of Senator McCallum is a praiseworthy one and is supported by the millions of members of the Universal Negro Improvement Association.

Different race leaders will oppose this splendid move of Senator McCallum from narrow-mindedness and political selfishness, but all thoughtful students of politics and economics know that the establishment of a government for Negroes in Africa will be the only solution of the race problem.

The Universal Negro Improvement Association calls upon the 16,000,000 Negroes of America to fall behind Senator McCallum and push the proposition to success. Divisions and branches of the Universal Negro Improvement Association everywhere are requested to support the measure. Approach your Congressman and your Senators and ask them to support the cause.

This is the time for the masses of our people to think for themselves. Think the matter over independently and don't be influenced by the ravings of the selfish leader or leaders who would assure you that all will be well for us here in another hundred years, when everything points to the contrary. Negroes, do your own thinking.

The following is a report of the resolution which passed the Senate of Mississippi on February 20:

WOULD ESTABLISH COUNTRY FOR NEGRO

Memorializing Congress on Race Question—Offers Solution

Senator T. B. McCallum of Jones has introduced a resolution in the Senate memorializing the Congress of the United States to acquire from the United Nations sufficient territory for the establishment of a national home for the Negro. The resolution was referred to the Committee on Federal Lands. It reads as follows:

"Whereas, the Negro race is as old as the world; and

"Whereas, the question of race has vexed the world since the beginning of time; and

"Whereas, the Negro race has been the subject of the interposition of God in the world; and

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wise from our late war allies sufficient territory on the continent of Africa to make a suitable, proper and final home for the American Negro, where under the tutelage of the American Government he can develop for himself a great republic, to become in time a free and sovereign state and take its place at the council board of the nations of the world, and to use such part of our allied war debt as may be necessary in acquiring such territorial concessions, to the end that our country may become one in blood as it is in spirit, and that the dream of our forefathers may be realized in the final colonization of the American Negro on his native soil, and that the spirit of race consciousness now so manifest in the American Negro may be given an opportunity for development under the most advantageous circumstances.

BRITAIN MAKES PROPOSALS FOR TURKISH SETTLEMENT

Near East Imbroglio to Come to End with Lord Curzon as Britain's Mediator

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 10.—Isaiah Paasha, Turkish Foreign Minister, has telegraphed the results of his conversations with Lord Curzon, British Foreign Secretary, who made the following proposals for a settlement of the Turkish question:

That the Greeks withdraw from Anatolia.

That the Allies protect the Christian minorities in Asia, since the Turks have proved incompetent administrators.

That the Thracian frontier be adjusted, starting at Midia, and the creating of a special regime at Adrianople.

That the British accept unreservedly the British solution of the problem of the Dardanelles Straits.

That the British frontier in Mesopotamia include the town of Mosul, which has been disputed by the Turks.

That a special Turco-British convention be completed, to run twenty-five years.

That the Turks abandon anti-British propaganda in India, Persia and Afghanistan.

That Anatolia recognize the Porte as the legitimate government in Turkey and the re-establishment of the Sultan's authority over Anatolia.

Confirmation has been received here of the release of the Italian steamship Abbasia, which was seized by a Greek warship a few days ago on the ground that it was carrying contraband of war for the Turkish Nationalists.

Greece has released the Italian steamer Umbria, which was in custody twenty-four hours, and has also liberated the relief ship Francesca, which was among the four Italian vessels that were seized in the Aegean and Black Seas. The Francesca has proceeded to Novorossiisk.

HARDING IS READY TO RECOGNIZE OREGON, REPORT

Mexican President Agrees to Safeguard American Oil and Mining Interests

WASHINGTON, March 19.—Administration officials believe the question of recognition of the Oregon Government in Mexico will soon be worked out. It became known today that President Harding has had a personal, friendly correspondence with the Mexican Executive that has resulted in an agreement in principle as to the conditions of recognition.

It is indicated that the whole matter will be settled by means of one document. Recognition will be extended by this government, and the Mexican Government will take the responsibility of protecting American lives.

The correspondence between the two Presidents is considered unusual, but its substance has been confirmed by regular diplomatic methods. It is presumed that the personal correspondence started with the exchange of communications carried from Mexico City to Washington by Elmer Dyer.

High officials here think President Harding will soon be ready to sign the protocol, and that he is willing to gain some strength so as to be able to meet the objections of the Mexican Congress.

WEST INDIAN NEWS NOTES

By HUBERT HARRISON

[Under this heading THE NEGRO WORLD will give a regular weekly summary of the leading and significant happenings in the various West Indian islands. The size of the section will vary from week to week with the amount of news we are able to get from the newspapers, handbills, proclamations and letters that may be sent to us. The editor of this section is responsible for the final form of the news items printed here—except when he expressly quotes other papers. Please send all available papers of recent dates, as well as letters and other documents, to HUBERT HARRISON, THE NEGRO WORLD, 56 West 135th Street, New York City.]

GADELOUPE SE REGARDE

In happy contrast with Rene Maun's bill of indictment against the barbarous brutality of French rule in Congo and the following acknowledgment of France's wiser rule in the West Indies. We translate from "La Petite Patrie" of Point-a-Pitre, Guadeloupe:

Democracy in Guadeloupe has been in existence for half a century. Fifty years ago our fathers were politically nothing. The people had no part in public affairs. The Governor appointed the Mayor and the municipal councillors, and selected, directly and indirectly, all the legislators. He was, in fact, a veritable dictator.

Today the Republic has made an end of the regime of autocracy. She has decided that the people themselves shall nominate their own representatives in the various deliberative assemblies of the colony and in the Chamber of Deputies. She has established universal and direct suffrage among us and has called us to manage our own interests and provide for our own destinies.

The editorial from which we quote the above was written by Rene Boissier, the editor of "La Petite Patrie," and a representative of Guadeloupe in the French Chamber of Deputies. But the difference between Guadeloupe and Guinea makes the horrors of French misrule stand out in more vivid red, as M. Boissier himself showed in his great speech on the budget in December, and the Negroes of the world owe a debt of gratitude to him for that epoch-making address.

DOMINICA COMPLAINS

The Dominica "Guardian" tells us that:

The Dominica Representative Government Association will no doubt send a delegation to wait on Sir Eustace Finnes and place before him the very moderate demands which go to make up its program.

Mr. Walter, we have a sincere sympathizer with the aspirations of our people, and we may with confidence expect him to act to cure an audience for the deputation. But no time should be lost in bringing home to His Excellency the incoherence and confusion which Dominica is subjected by the Federation of the Leeward Islands Colony. As a new man, bringing a fresh mind to bear on that problem, Sir Eustace will be sure to appreciate to the full the difficulties of poor Dominica, and sympathize with our efforts to sever the federal knot. As to matters for the improvement of material things, His Excellency will have instances and to spare.

Will he be slow to realize that Dominica is too poor a place to stand the present system of granting bonuses and increased pay to officials, to be slowly followed by new taxation to pay the salaries, to be followed in turn by further increases of pay to meet the increased cost of living caused by the new taxation. He will, we hope, if he has time, cause the strictest inquiry to be made into the wilful wicked waste of public money which in so short a time caused the surplus, accumulated with such pains by Sir Douglas Young, to take wings and fly away, and to turn our credit balance into an ever-increasing deficit.

DEMERARA

Picture of a West Indies Governor. We find no entertainment more diverting than the reading of the reports of meetings of the Demerara Legislature when Governor collect happens to be in the Presidential chair. He seems irrepressibly bad-tempered, and the unceremonious manner in which he applies the closure to official eloquence, and attempts to hinder the fair and free comment of the electives suggests an irresponsibility and discourtesy that would not be permitted to shine with such reluctance in any other civilized community. He has no patience, and we believe he has been known to leave the legislative hall precipitately because he could not have his way. He snaps and snarls, and continuously imparts the impression of Let's get on! And whatever he has his qualities he succeeds well in obliterating them by a horse-play and buffoonery that would raise funds for any charitable object. We are almost led to think he has missed his calling.

Income Tax in Demerara

The Government of British Guiana has at present under consideration the imposition of an income tax. The rate of levy proposed is as follows:—

On the first £300, nil; on every additional pound and exceeding £300, but not exceeding £750, 6d.; exceeding £750 but not £1,000, 9d.; exceeding £1,000 but not £1,500, 1s.; exceeding £1,500, 1s. 6d.; exceeding £2,000 but not £2,500, 2s.; exceeding £2,500 but not £3,000, 3s.; exceeding £3,000 but not £4,000, 4s.; exceeding £4,000 but not £5,000, 5s.; and exceeding £5,000, 6s.

Further, according to the bill, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid on the total profits of all companies or bodies corporate a tax of five cents on every dollar or one shilling on every pound.

It is estimated that the cost of collecting this tax for the year 1922 will not exceed \$12,000.

Suffrage Before Federation

Mr. T. Albert Marryshow, the able and courageous editor of "The West Indian," insists that the right of the people to take part in their own government must first be given to the black people of the West Indies before they can embrace the glories of West Indian federation. In "The West Indian" he writes:

"It is a waste of precious time to talk about federation of colonies until the people of the colonies are first given the right to elect their own representatives to a common council."

"If there must be federation of the West Indies—even if there must be a central council for the West Indies—the people through their representatives must say so, and they must go on to help create it, and go further to make it a success by their service. The first step to federation is in creating an opportunity for the people of the West Indies to choose their accredited representatives to represent them in a federal council. To do otherwise is to condemn us and our posterity to dissatisfaction and confusion. First thing first."

JAMAICA

Governor Defendant in Suit for Pension Rights

Mr. E. F. H. Cox, barrister-at-law, has filed a suit in the Supreme Court, Jamaica, against His Excellency Sir Leslie Popham, K.C.M.G., to recover damages for alleged breach of duty. The suit is in connection with certain pension rights which Mr. Cox is claiming. The plaintiff was a member of the Jamaica Civil Service, but some years ago—during the regime of Sir William Manning—he was relieved of his pension following certain allegations which he made against certain high officials. Mr. Cox was never given a pension, and for a series of years he has been in correspondence with the local government and the Secretary of State for the Colonies on the subject. As his pension was still withheld, Mr. Cox recently brought a suit in the Supreme Court against the Attorney General asking the court for a declaration that he is entitled to pension. Before the action could be proceeded with, under rules of court, the consent of the Governor had first to be obtained. The statement of claim which Mr. Cox filed was forwarded to His Excellency and, as stated a few days ago, the Governor declined to issue his fiat.

Mr. Cox has now made a new move in the matter. He has brought a personal action against Sir Leslie Popham.

TRINIDAD

Mr. S. H. Wilson, R.E., K.C.B., C.M.G., is the newly appointed Governor of Trinidad.

SWETENHAM OPPOSES WEST INDIAN FEDERATION SCHEME

Sir J. Alexander Swettenham, former Governor of Jamaica, endeavored himself to black Jamaica some years ago when he refused help for earthquake victims from an American admiral who had referred to them contemptuously as "niggers." Our Jamaican readers will enjoy the spice in the following passages from Sir Alexander's recent letter to the Daily Gleaner on the subject of the proposed scheme of West Indian confederation:

"The only reason for confederation given so far by the Secretary of State was given at the meeting of a private body, the Corona Club, on the 16th of June, last, when Mr. Churchill said: 'I hope it may be possible; I do not say it will be possible, because there is always a difficulty in yoking the two together—the fat cattle with the lean cattle—but I hope it will be found possible to make some sort of consortium or combination of credits between many of the great Crown colonies, so as to secure the necessary loans on a wider basis than is possible if each individually presents itself upon the market.'"

"As the public of Jamaica is already thoroughly disgusted with borrowing, this prospect ought to deter the colony from all or any participation in the proposed conference, the object of which is to enable lean kine like British Guiana and Honduras to swarm upon their fatter neighbors like Jamaica."

"The place of meeting of the conference ought to have been in Jamaica, which contains 40 per cent. of the population of the proposed confederation. The representation proposed by the Secretary of State is preposterous. No official members should attend at all. The proposed seven elected members for the Windward and Leeward Islands are enormously excessive as compared with two from Jamaica. It would be better if Jamaica had seven against one for each of the Windward and Leeward groups."

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NOTICE

To All Divisions and Members of the

UNIVERSAL NEGRO IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION

A copy of the records of all Divisions, Branches, Chapters and members of the Universal Negro Improvement Association has been stolen from the Secretary-General's office by some one who was employed by the organization, either as an officer, an employee or an agent. This record, as stolen, may be used by the person or persons concerned, to write to the members and officers of the divisions of the organization for their own sinister or other purposes.

Divisional officers and members of the Universal Negro Improvement Association receiving letters from organizations or other movements or individuals, asking them to transfer their allegiance from the U. N. I. A. to theirs, or asking any obligation, will ignore such appeals, and will realize immediately that such communication had its origin in the desire of the organization, movement or individual to undermine the solidarity of the Universal Negro Improvement Association.

You have joined the Universal Negro Improvement Association for the realization of a great object. You should support it for that object, and not allow others who may be mere self-seekers to confuse you by distributing your message in supporting everything, and weakening all, when you could have supported one good thing and made it succeed.

Look out for new communications. Send them to our office.

By order,
UNIVERSAL NEGRO IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION,
MARCUS GARVEY, President-General

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SPANIARDS DEFEAT MOORS

Madrid, March 10.—An official statement today said: "Spanish troops commanded by Generals Miguel Cabanella and Frederico Borenguer, under immediate direction of General Sanjurjo, continued their advance in the Beni Said territory. They captured heights of In-olaben, Caserio and Anvor, overcoming the enemy's vigorous resistance."

"Our soldiers displayed marked bravery and our enemy's position was broken by tanks and infantry attacks. Our aircraft effectually shelled the enemy's rallying points and inflicted severe losses upon them. After garrisoning the occupied positions, our troops returned to their bases undisturbed."

FIRM PROTEST CABLED TO DAVID LLOYD GEORGE

(Continued from page 10)

grant that prayer tonight. Let our hearts go out to our suffering brothers in Africa—suffering as no people have suffered, but not suffering without hope; they are looking towards Liberty Hall tonight; they are praying that succor shall come from the Universal Negro Improvement Association. Let us not disappoint them; let us match

READ READ

Be a follower of Nature and visit the Institute of Natural Methods. These treatments are harmless, effective and sure. Most diseases come from the food you eat, poor elimination, etc.

When you are ill, Nature is trying to fight off disease. The Natural Methods of healing is assisting Nature to combat disease by these treatments: Electric Cabinet Baths for eliminating poisons in the body; Body Massage for free circulation of the blood and body-building; Hand and Foot Baking for Rheumatism, Pains, Gout, etc.; Physical Culture and Water Treatments.

STOP DRUGGING YOUR SYSTEM

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Staff Assistants:
G. A. THOMPSON, N. D.
CARL MEYERS, N. D.
H. ALBERS, M. D., N. D.
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all our forces, let every member of the Universal Negro Improvement Association do their utmost to bring about a joyful day when Negroes shall redeem Africa for the Africans; when the Africans can enjoy peace in their own home, under their own vine and fig tree; when they shall not have to bow the knee to Baal; when they shall worship God with freedom of conscience; when they shall restore to Africa and to all the world the ancient civilization of Ethiopia. (Applause.)

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TWO TRIPS MADE DOWNTOWN DAILY

ALPHONSO JONES

56 WEST 135th STREET

U. N. I. A. Building

NOTICE

To All Divisions and Members of the

UNIVERSAL NEGRO IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION

A copy of the records of all Divisions, Branches, Chapters and members of the Universal Negro Improvement Association has been stolen from the Secretary-General's office by some one who was employed by the organization, either as an officer, an employee or an agent. This record, as stolen, may be used by the person or persons concerned, to write to the members and officers of the divisions of the organization for their own sinister or other purposes.

Divisional officers and members of the Universal Negro Improvement Association receiving letters from organizations or other movements or individuals, asking them to transfer their allegiance from the U. N. I. A. to theirs, or asking any obligation, will ignore such appeals, and will realize immediately that such communication had its origin in the desire of the organization, movement or individual to undermine the solidarity of the Universal Negro Improvement Association.

You have joined the Universal Negro Improvement Association for the realization of a great object. You should support it for that object, and not allow others who may be mere self-seekers to confuse you by distributing your message in supporting everything, and weakening all, when you could have supported one good thing and made it succeed.

Look out for new communications. Send them to our office.

By order,
UNIVERSAL NEGRO IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION,
MARCUS GARVEY, President-General

NOTICE

THE U. N. I. A. TRUCK

QUICK DELIVERY

LIGHT AND HEAVY HAULING

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